

# Equality Policy / Procedure

Policy Lead	Lynette Pearcey, SENCO
Reviewed By	Sarah Naylor, Assistant Principal
Approved By	Sarah Naylor, Assistant Principal
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## **Associated Policies**

- Accessibility Plan
- Inclusion Policy
- Equality Objectives

#### 1. Introduction

Astrea Academy Sheffield aims to provide an exceptional knowledge rich education environment for all scholars, free from prejudice or discrimination, no matter a persons ability, sex, sexual orientation, gender, race, religion, origin or culture. Fostered within our broad and balanced academic curriculum offer, and supported further with our character education programme, all staff know it is their responsibility to educate scholars against any form of discrimination, prejudice or stereotyping. Through embodying respect as one of our five core values, staff show a relentless commitment, as role models, to ensuring their conduct with scholars and colleagues reflects this responsibility at all times.

This single policy replaces separate policies on race, disability and gender to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations. It reflects the legal duties set out in the Equality Act 2010 and non-statutory guidance set out by the government in December 2011 and March 2012. Part One sets out the aims to promote equality of opportunity and comply with the Act; Part Two sets out the legal duties which are referred to in Part One.

#### 2. Part One - Aims

The primary aim of Astrea Academy Sheffield is to enable all scholars to take part in educational as well as social and emotional learning by developing each child's self-confidence, recognising their strengths and encouraging them to achieve their full potential academically and holistically.

Astrea Academy Sheffield will take steps to advance equality of opportunity, foster good relations and eliminate discrimination or harassment across all the protected characteristics (age, race, gender reassignment, disability, marriage and civil partnership, religion and belief, pregnancy and maternity, gender, sexual orientation) for scholars, staff and visitors.

#### This means:

- We will take reasonable and necessary steps to meet need by using a variety of approaches and planning reasonable adjustments for scholars with additional needs and/or disabilities. Thus, enabling our scholars to take as full a part as possible in the broad and balanced knowledge rich curriculum and wider enrichment activities on offer.
- We will make reasonable adjustments to ensure the academy, learning environment and its
  activities are as accessible and welcoming as possible for all scholars, staff and visitors to Astrea
  Academy Sheffield.
- We will remain committed to ensuring scholars, staff and visitors with a disability have equality of
  opportunity by actively promoting positive attitudes towards treating everyone with dignity and
  respect (e.g. through access to training).
- We will regularly consider the ways in which the core and wider curriculum are taught to promote awareness of the rights of individuals and develop the skills of participation and responsible action.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which our teaching and the curriculum provision supports
  high standards of attainment, promotes common values, and help scholars understand and value
  the diversity that surrounds them, while developing the skills they need to challenge
  discrimination, prejudice and stereotyping.
- We will monitor the progress and achievement of scholars with specific relevant protected characteristics. This information will help Astrea Academy Sheffield to ensure that individual scholars are achieving their potential, that the provision is being inclusive in practice, and trends are identified which inform the setting of our equality objectives.

- We will collect and analyse information about protected characteristics in relation to staff recruitment, retention, training opportunities and promotions to ensure, all staff have equality of opportunity. We will not ask health-related questions to job applicants before offering a job, unless it relates to an intrinsic function of the work they do.
- We will make reasonable adjustments to ensure all staff have equal opportunity to perform their job to the best of their ability such as providing auxiliary aids for our disabled staff.
- Staff will ensure the curriculum is accessible to all scholars with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) or those for whom English is not their first language (EAL), through universal intervention such as quality first teaching (QFT). Thereafter, and where required, we will endeavour to provide targeted or specialist interventions to support those with more complex additional needs or who are new to English and require a more bespoke offer.
- Auxiliary aids and services will be provided for scholars, where reasonable adjustments are required. By planning ahead, staff will ensure that all scholars are able to take part in extendedcurricular activities and residential visits. The Academy welcomes a diverse range of candidates and encourages those who are currently under-represented to join.
- We will seek the views of advisory staff and outside agencies and partnerships with other schools
  where this is needed. In planning the curriculum and resources the Academy will take every
  opportunity to promote and advance equality.
- Bullying and Prejudice Related Incidents will be carefully monitored and dealt with effectively and
  in a timely manner. Training will be given to both existing and new staff to ensure that they are
  aware of the process for reporting and following up incidents of prejudice-related bullying. We
  expect that all staff will be role-models for equal opportunities, deal with bullying and
  discriminatory incidents and be able to identify and challenge discrimination, prejudice and
  stereotyping.
- Throughout the year, the Academy will raise awareness of equality and diversity. This may include
  a focus on disability, respect for other cultures, religions and beliefs, anti-homophobia/gay pride,
  gender equality, developing community cohesion and an understanding of the effects of
  discrimination.
- We will regularly seek the views of scholars, parents, advisory staff and visitors to the Academy, to ensure that the Academy environment is as safe and accessible as possible to all Academy users. We will review our accessibility plans regularly to ensure they are up to date and fit for purpose.
- We will ensure that all staff are aware of their legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, of the
  different forms of discrimination and what 'reasonable adjustments' mean in practice. Astrea
  Academy Sheffield will establish equality objectives and draw up a plan based on information
  collected on protected groups and accessibility planning. These equality objectives will be reviewed
  in line with statutory guidance.
- When drawing up policies, it is best practice to carry out an equality impact assessment (EIA) to ensure a policy does not, even inadvertently, disadvantage groups of scholars with protected characteristics. As a minimum, the governing body (or equivalent) must consider to what extent a new/revised policy, practice or plan meets the Public Sector Equality Duties (eliminates discrimination, advances equality and fosters good relations for all the protected characteristics) and recommend changes/mitigations should it feel the policy, practice or plan could be improved to fulfil the Duties.
- We will ensure that scholars are taught a knowledge rich curriculum which includes the teaching of protected characteristics in personal development. From this, we will encourage scholars to support and celebrate the diversity in our academy and community.

## 3. Part Two - Our Legal Duties

Legislation relating to equality and discrimination is laid out in the Equality Act 2010. This legislation covers employment (work), the provision of services and public functions, and education. Employers are liable for discriminatory acts of their employees if they did not take reasonable steps to prevent such acts. Employees can be liable for acts (where an employer took reasonable steps to prevent such acts).

#### The 'Protected Characteristics' within the equality law are:

**Age** - A person of a particular age (e.g. 32 year old) or a range of ages (e.g. 18 - 30 year olds). Age discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.

**Disability** - A person has a disability if they have, or have had, a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. It includes discrimination arising from something connected with their disability such as use of aids or medical conditions. HIV, multiple sclerosis and cancer are all considered as disabilities, regardless of their effect.

**Gender reassignment** - A person (usually with 'gender dysphoria') who is proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone gender reassignment (the process of changing physiological or other attributes of sex, therefore changing from male to female, or female to male). 'Trans' is an umbrella term to describe people with this 'Gender Identity'. 'Intersex' or 'Third Sex' is not covered by the Act but the Academy will treat Intersex children with the same degree of equality as children with gender dysphoria. Children as young as five may begin to show signs of gender dysphoria and therefore it is relevant in any educational environment.

**Marriage and civil partnership** – Marriage and civil partnership discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.

**Pregnancy and maternity** - Maternity refers to the period of 26 weeks after the birth (including still births), which reflects the period of a woman's Ordinary Maternity Leave entitlement in the employment context. In employment, it also covers (where eligible) the period up to the end of her Additional Maternity Leave.

**Race** - A person's colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin. It is prohibited to discriminate, harass or victimise someone due to their race which includes segregating individuals.

**Religion and belief** - Religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition. Religion and belief discrimination does not prevent an Academy from carrying out collective worship or other curriculum-based activities, but scholars may withdraw from acts of collective worship.

**Sex** - A man or a woman.

**Sexual orientation** - A person's sexual orientation towards the same sex (lesbian or gay), the opposite sex (heterosexual) or to both sexes (bisexual). Although children may not identify as gay or lesbian when very young, promotion of sexual orientation equality is as relevant. For example, a child may have an older sibling or parent who is gay. Academies with a particular religious ethos cannot discriminate against lesbian, gay or bisexual scholars.

It is also unlawful to discriminate because of the sex, race, disability, religion or belief, sexual orientation or gender reassignment of another person with whom the scholar is associated. So, for example, an Academy must not discriminate by refusing to admit a scholar because his parents are gay men or lesbians. It would be race discrimination to treat a white scholar less favourably because she has a black boyfriend.

#### 'Prohibited Conduct' (acts that are unlawful):

**Direct discrimination** - Less favourable treatment because of a protected characteristic

**Indirect discrimination** - A provision, criteria or practice that puts a person at a particular disadvantage and is not a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

**Harassment** - Conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It includes harassment by a third party (e.g. customer or contractor) in the employment context.

**Victimisation** - Subjecting a person to a detriment because of their involvement with proceedings (a complaint) brought in connection with this Act.

**Discrimination arising from disability** - Treating someone unfavourably because of something connected with their disability (such as periods of absence from work or medical conditions) and failure to make reasonable adjustments.

**Gender re-assignment discrimination** - Not allowing reasonable absence from work for the purpose of gender reassignment in line with normal provision such as sick leave).

**Pregnancy/maternity related discrimination** - Unfavourable treatment because of pregnancy or maternity. It includes unfavourable treatment of a woman or girl because she is breastfeeding.

**Discrimination by association or perception** - For example, discriminating against someone because they "look gay", or because they have a gay brother; discriminating against someone because they care for a disabled relative. This is direct discrimination against someone because they associate with another person who possesses a protected characteristic.

Academies are allowed to treat disabled scholars more favourably than non-disabled scholars, and in some cases are required to do so, by making reasonable adjustments to put them on a more level footing with scholars without disabilities.

#### **Public Sector Duties (applies to Academies):**

An Academy must, in the exercise of its functions, give due regard to the need to (in relation to protected characteristics above):

- Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other prohibited conduct.
- Advance equality of opportunity (remove or minimise disadvantage; meet people's needs; take account of disabilities; encourage participation in public life).
- Foster good relations between people (tackle prejudice and promote understanding).

In practice, 'due regard' means giving relevant and proportionate consideration to the duty, so decision makers in Academies must have due regard when making a decision, developing a policy or taking an action as to whether it may have implications for people because of their protected characteristics.

#### Reasonable Adjustments and Accessibility Plans (Schedule 10)

Academies are required to:

- Take reasonable steps to avoid disadvantage caused by a provision, criteria or practice or a
  physical feature that puts a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared to a nondisabled person. This involves removing or avoiding a physical feature, for example steps and
  lifts. Please refer to the accessibility plan for more information.
- Take reasonable steps to provide auxiliary aids/services.

- Provide information in an accessible format.
- Develop and implement (by allocating appropriate resources) an Accessibility Plan which will:
  - increase disabled scholars' access to the curriculum
  - improve the physical environment
  - improve provision of information
- The duty is an anticipatory and continuing one that Academies owe to disabled scholars generally, regardless of whether the Academy knows that a particular scholar is disabled or whether the Academy currently has disabled scholars. The Academy will need to plan ahead for the reasonable adjustments that it may need to make, working with the relevant admissions authority as appropriate.

### 4. More information and guidance

#### For more information download guidance from the DfE:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/equality-act-2010-advice-for-schools

And **Equality Human Rights website:** <a href="http://www.equalityhumanrights.com">http://www.equalityhumanrights.com</a> which includes the guidance for education providers.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 introduced a duty on all maintained schools in England to promote community cohesion.

Aspects of educational legislation have also promoted equal opportunities, for example the Education Act includes a duty for local authorities to educate children with special educational needs in mainstream schools wherever possible.

## **Key Responsibilities**

Governance (Executive and Trust Management Board);

- Ensure that the Academy complies with equality-related legislation
- Ensure that the policy and its procedures are implemented by the Principal
- Ensure all other Academy policies promote equality
- Give due regard to the Public Sector Equality Duty when making decisions

#### Principal;

- Implement the policy and its related procedures
- Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy
- Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination
- Ensure that all staff understand their duties regarding recruitment and providing reasonable
  adjustments to staff. It is unlawful for an employer to enquire about the health of an applicant
  for a job until a job offer has been made, unless the questions are specifically related to an
  intrinsic function of the work for example ensuring that applicants for a PE teaching post
  have the physical capability to carry out the duties. Academies should no longer require job

- applicants to complete a generic health questionnaire. Neither should an Academy seek out past sickness records until they have made a job offer
- Ensure that all staff and scholars are aware of the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents

#### All Staff;

- Enact this policy, its commitments and procedures, and their responsibilities associated with this policy
- Deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents, and know how to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping
- Promote equality and good relations and not discriminate on any grounds
- Attend such training and information opportunities as necessary to enact this policy and keep up to date with equality legislation
- To be models of equal opportunities through their words and actions

#### Scholars;

 Refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour or any other behaviour that contravenes this policy

Visitors (e.g. parent helpers, contractors);

• To be aware of, and comply with, the school's equality policy To refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour (for example, racist language) on school premises

## **Appendix Definitions**

- **Equality** This is more clearly defined as equality of opportunity and outcome, rather than equality of treatment. This means treating people fairly and according to their needs as some people may need to be treated differently in order to achieve an equal outcome.
- **Inclusive** Making sure everyone can participate, whatever their background or circumstances.
- **Diversity** Recognising that we are all different. Diversity is an outcome of equality and inclusion.
- Cohesion People from different backgrounds getting on well together (good community relations). There is a shared vision and sense of purpose or belonging. Diversity is valued. Relationships are strong, supportive and sustainable. Cohesion is an outcome of equality and inclusion.
- **Community** From the Academy's perspective, the term "community" has a number of meanings:
- The Academy community the scholars we serve, their families and the Academy's staff.
- The community within which the Academy is located in its geographical community, and the people who live and/or work in that area.
- The community of Britain all Academies by definition are part of it.
- The global community formed by European and international links
- **Gender dysphoria** is a recognised condition in which a person feels that there is a mismatch between their biological sex and their gender identity. Biological sex is assigned at birth, depending on the appearance of the infant. Gender identity is the gender that a person "identifies" with, or feels themselves to be.